75 countries, 96 debates

10,000 citizens

Numbers of countries per continent

- Africa: 29
- Americas: 15
- Asia-Oceania: 18
- Europe: 13

Including 13 islands
The largest global citizen consultation ever

WORLD WIDE VIEWS ON CLIMATE AND ENERGY - JUNE 6, 2015

96 DEBATES WORLDWIDE

WORLD WIDE VIEWS ON Climate and Energy
USA Arizona
WORLD WIDE VIEWS ON
Climate and Energy

Iran
Mauritania
Vietnam
First results

• 4 out of 5 of the World’s citizens are ‘very concerned’ about climate change.

• In general, there is convergence between the views of citizens in developed and developing countries on climate change issues.
Why are the WWViews results trustworthy and unique?

• Lay citizens
• Informed citizens
• Deliberation
• Demographic and socio-economic diversity
• Independence of specific interests on climate change
Five thematic sessions

- Importance of tackling climate change
- Tools to tackle climate change
- UN negotiations and national commitments
- Fairness and distribution of efforts
- Making and keeping climate promises
http://climateandenergy.wwviews.org/results/

RESULTS

Should you wish to download a copy of the questions posed to the citizens, they can be downloaded.

The composition of each group you can select when viewing the results, is described in more detail.

Please be aware that the WWViews results listed are still preliminary, since we are still submitting them.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>WWViews meeting in</th>
<th>The whole world</th>
<th>Compare with</th>
<th>Grenoble Métropole</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Or by group</td>
<td></td>
<td>Or by group</td>
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<tr>
<td>Select Language</td>
<td></td>
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<td>United Kingdom(English)</td>
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</tbody>
</table>

1. Importance of tackling climate change
KEY RESULTS

• 79% of the citizens worldwide are very concerned about climate change.

• Citizens in developing countries are a little more concerned than citizens in developed countries.
Two-thirds (66%) of citizens worldwide think that measures to fight climate change are mostly an opportunity to improve quality of life.

- 27% consider these measures to be a threat to their quality of life.
• 79% of the citizens think that their country should take measures to reduce its greenhouse gas emissions – even if many other countries do not take measures.
• 63% of citizens worldwide believe that negotiators at COP21 in December should do “whatever it takes” to limit temperatures exceeding 2 degrees Celsius warming.
Should a Paris agreement include a global long-term goal for zero emissions at the end of this century?

- a. Yes, and it should be legally binding for all countries (67.72%)
- b. Yes, but it should only be legally binding for developed and emerging nations (17.45%)
- c. Yes, but it should be voluntary for all nations (10.68%)
- d. No (1.47%)
- e. Don’t know / Do not wish to answer (2.68%)
90% of the citizens think that all countries should report their emissions and report on the progress of their contribution.
What would be the best basis for setting the ambition of national climate contributions?

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Option</th>
<th>Percentage</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>a. Historical emissions</td>
<td>21.29%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>b. Current or anticipated emissions</td>
<td>39.1%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>c. Current or future economic capabilities</td>
<td>32.23%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>d. Countries should not have to make national contributions</td>
<td>2.56%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>e. Don’t know / Do not wish to answer</td>
<td>4.82%</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
Should all developing countries be treated as one group, as presently, or should richer developing countries have to do more?

a. All developing countries should be treated the same way
18.88%

b. Richer developing countries should have the same responsibilities as developed nations
23.04%

c. Richer developing countries should be treated as a third group, with bigger responsibilities than the poorest, least developed countries, but smaller responsibilities than developed nations
55.35%

d. Don’t know / Do not wish to answer
2.72%
Should private sector contributions count as part of the offers to climate finance from developed countries?

a. Yes, about half or more 53.63%

b. Yes, but only a small part 32.26%

c. No 8.52%

d. Don’t know / Do not wish to answer 5.59%

(The whole world)
The co-initiators of World Wide Views on Climate and Energy

- The United Nations Framework Convention on Climate Change (UNFCCC)
- The Danish Board of Technology Foundation
- Missions Publiques Agency
- The French Commission for Public Debate (CNDP)